

The Pacific Commercial Advertiser

U. S. WEATHER BUREAU, July 23.—Last 24 Hours' Rainfall, .00.
Temperature, Max. 82; Min. 71. Weather, fair; fresh trades.

SUGAR.—96 Degree Test Centrifugals, 3.95c. Per Ton, \$79.00.
88 Analysis Beets, 10s. 6d. Per Ton, \$84.20.

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HONOLULU, HAWAII TERRITORY, SATURDAY, JULY 24, 1909.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

FREAR FAVORS TRYING THE RUSSIANS

Believes the Experiment Could Profitably be Made.

Governor Frear is favorable to an experiment with Russian immigration for plantation labor and he believes that there is a strong possibility that it would turn out successfully, although he says that the wisest course to pursue will be to bring a comparatively small number of Russians to the Territory in the beginning so that in the event of their failure to qualify as dependable laborers the problem can be easily disposed of.

In speaking of the proposal of Mr. Perelstrous to bring a number of his countrymen to the Territory, Governor Frear referred to the failure of the Molokan experiment as an example of the wisdom of beginning in small numbers at first.

The Governor intimated that he did not recognize the existence of any obstacle that would prevent the bringing of Russians to the Territory in large numbers in the event that they proved able to meet the needs of plantation labor. He apparently does not attach any importance to the report that there is a hostile public sentiment to the bringing of Russian immigrants to Hawaii.

Perelstrous did not leave on his projected trip to Hawaii yesterday. After a conference with members of the Board of Immigration he concluded to postpone his journey for the present. Should his project meet with favor, he will leave for Russia at once and make the Hawaii trip on his return.

"Should I bring Russian immigrants to this Territory," said Perelstrous yesterday, "I should plan to spend some time here myself. I should frequently visit the plantations employing them and render any services in my power, both to the laborers and to their employers. In this way I believe that all danger of misunderstanding, and consequent failure of the experiment, could be obviated."

KAUAI JAPANESE S MODERN JONAH

According to Henry Jaeger, the big sperm whale which the Japanese on Kauai captured some weeks ago came pretty near being the death of one of them. Like Jonah, the Japanese took a plunge down into a whale, but unlike Jonah he tumbled through a cavity in the top of the monster's head.

After the coup de grace had been administered to the already stunned whale according to Jaeger, the cetaceous mammal was drawn up on the beach and attacked by the seekers after sperm oil. With axe and spade the big body was excavated, Henry Jaeger, who had read about whales in a book, standing by to superintend the operation.

One of the Japanese, who was busily sinking a shaft into the top of the whale's head, suddenly slipped, gave a despairing cry, and disappeared from sight.

In an instant there was a mail scramble for the top of Mr. Whale's head, and the hole was probed for signs of the missing Japanese. Soon a head was discovered and the man was quickly brought to the light of day. He was all but unconscious so a doctor was hastily summoned.

For ten days the unfortunate Japanese was confined to the hospital, says Jaeger, but he is now about again, though by no means recovered from his harrowing experience.

LOUIS KENAKE IN THE RACE FOR POSTMASTER

(Special Correspondence.)
SAN FRANCISCO, July 17.—Louis Kenake, who was connected with the Honolulu postoffice for so many years, has strong expectations of being appointed Postmaster of Honolulu.

For the past three years Kenake has been occupying a confidential position with Rudolph Spreckels. Practically all the finances of the graft prosecution have been handled by him. He has

LORRIN ANDREWS IS READY FOR WORK

Lorrin Andrews will begin his duties as Deputy Attorney General of the Territory today, taking the place that has been vacant since the appointment of Judge Whitney to the Circuit Court bench. The Deputy Attorney General was a passenger on the Alameda yesterday.



LORRIN ANDREWS.

and shortly after his arrival was a caller upon Governor Frear at the Capitol. He stated that his return to Hawaii was delayed by a case at Reno, Nevada, where he has been practicing law since his return from the Orient.

During the morning hours Mr. Andrews visited a number of friends in the Government offices and received the best wishes of all on his return to the Attorney General's Department. Mr. Andrews stated that he was glad to be back in Hawaii and that the Islands exercised a fascination on one that grew stronger the longer the absence.

Although the Legislature made no provision for a second deputy in the Attorney General's Department, Mr. Suttie will continue his present duties as second deputy, and his salary will come from the \$50,000 contingent fund at the disposal of the Governor.

COL. MACFARLANE TO RETURN TO LONDON

(Special Correspondence.)

SAN FRANCISCO, July 17.—Col. George W. Macfarlane returned from London a few weeks ago and is stopping at the St. Francis. His brother Fred W. Macfarlane arrived here from Honolulu by the Mongolia a day or two later, the two having met here for consultation. Col. Macfarlane does not expect to go to Honolulu before returning to London, but he will go to Southern California for a few weeks before going back to London.

The Colonel has some financial enterprises of moment on hand in which he expects to interest British capitalists.

U. S. GRANT, JR. HERE IN FEBRUARY

U. S. Grant Jr., will probably be among the visitors to Hawaii next February. In a letter to Secretary H. P. Wood of the Promotion Committee Mr. Grant says:

"I was glad to get a line from you; and make it the occasion for informing you that I have a plan for visiting Honolulu with my family in February. Just at present it is not too much to say that I am not very hopeful that the walking will be good at that time. This doubtful plan includes a circuit of the globe and an absence from San Diego of perhaps six months.

"I had the pleasure lately of visiting with David Withington, a Harvard classmate of mine and a fellow citizen of yours."

Concurrent with this latest development in the Oceanic matter is the emphatic contradiction by R. P. Schwerin, vice president and general manager of the Pacific Mail company, that he has any intention whatever of chartering or purchasing one or all of the three steamers for service between here and Panama or for the transpacific route. Schwerin declares that the inspection of the steamers, which has been undertaken under his direction, is merely for the purpose of ascertaining what craft are available for emergency purposes. In the event that a steamer is lost by the Pacific Mail company, the vice president wishes to know where he may obtain a substitute boat for his immediate service. Schwerin made a denial of the report that he was at odds with the government, and that he had been told by the Secretary of War to go in or out of the isthmian business.

NEWELL IS A FRIEND AT COURT

Secured a Place for Hawaii at the Irrigation Congress.

Hawaii certainly has a friend at court in F. H. Newell, the director of the reclamation service and it has been through him that the efforts of Marston Campbell to secure for the representatives of the Territory a place on the program of the National Irrigation Congress have been successful. The letter that Mr. Newell sent to the chairman of the executive committee of the Irrigation Congress shows plainly enough that he is using his best influence for the interest of the Territory. The text of the letter is as follows:

"Chairman, Executive Committee, Seventeenth National Irrigation Congress, Spokane, Washington.

"Dear Sir: The following cablegram has been received from Marston Campbell, Director of Public Works of the Territory of Hawaii:

"Must have place program convention. Hosmer representative."

"I infer that this relates to a conversation I had some time ago with Mr. Campbell with reference to the Irrigation Congress. I urged the Territory's officials to send a strong delegation. Mr. Ralph F. Hosmer, referred to in the telegram, is Superintendent of Forestry for the Territory and is a very able and accomplished forester and an enthusiastic supporter of development by irrigation. I hope if practicable it will be possible to arrange a place for Mr. Hosmer on the program. If not I should be very glad to surrender my place or a portion of my time to him.

"Very truly yours,
"F. H. NEWELL,
"Director."

GOVERNOR CANNOT GO TO EXPOSITION

Governor Frear yesterday received a cablegram from Augustus Knudsen, one of the commissioners from Hawaii to the Alaska-Yukon exposition at Seattle, stating that the Governor must be present at Seattle on August 24. The cablegram didn't say "must," but stated in a positive way that it was considered essential by the commissioners that Governor Frear should be in Seattle on that day.

Governor Frear stated yesterday that he would like to conform to the request expressed by Commissioner Knudsen, but that it was practically impossible for him to do so. He stated that his report to the Secretary of the Interior would require his close attention for some time and also that if he went to Seattle he would not be in the Territory when the Congressional delegation arrived here. For these reasons he said it would be impossible for him to go to the exposition.

OCEANIC WILL NOT OPERATE TO PANAMA

After months of conjecture, during which many suggestions have been made concerning the ultimate disposition of the three idle Oceanic liners, the Sierra, Sonoma and Ventura, says the San Francisco Chronicle of July 14, the perplexing question was effectively cleared yesterday when it was learned that John D. Spreckels had declined a proposal to operate the steamships between this city and Panama in connection with the government-owned isthmian railroad. Spreckels' decision to retain the steamships as an anchor in Mission Bay preferably at engaging in the Panama trade in competition with the Pacific Mail Company was submitted in writing a month ago to Edward A. Drake, vice president of the Panama Railroad Company, by whom it was forwarded to Secretary of War Dickinson. Thus ended negotiations of months' duration by which the government had hoped to establish on the Pacific a line of steamers that would provide adequate and efficient service between San Francisco and the isthmus.

Concurrent with this latest development in the Oceanic matter is the emphatic contradiction by R. P. Schwerin, vice president and general manager of the Pacific Mail company, that he has any intention whatever of chartering or purchasing one or all of the three steamers for service between here and Panama or for the transpacific route. Schwerin declares that the inspection of the steamers, which has been undertaken under his direction, is merely for the purpose of ascertaining what craft are available for emergency purposes. In the event that a steamer is lost by the Pacific Mail company, the vice president wishes to know where he may obtain a substitute boat for his immediate service. Schwerin made a denial of the report that he was at odds with the government, and that he had been told by the Secretary of War to go in or out of the isthmian business.

Capital Journal, Salem, Or.—We are favored with several copies of the Daily Advertiser of Honolulu, and are almost tempted to jump into the Pacific ocean and swim over to the island. When I was commander of the Sons of Veterans I offered a resolution that was adopted that annexed Hawaii to the United States, and that was several years before any action was taken, and just before President Cleveland had ordered the flag pulled down over there. Of course, we Republicans were all hot about it, and made political capital of it. It was the last straw that broke the back of the second term of Clevelandism, but I have always had a warm spot for the Hawaiians, especially the delegation that came to our Lewis and Clark fair.

PLUMBERS MAY BE EXAMINED

Supervisors Meet and Discuss Proposed Sanitary Ordinance.

Plumbers, desiring to follow their trade in Honolulu, may be forced to pass an examination as to their qualifications before a regularly constituted board of examiners. The proposition was broached at a public meeting of the health committee of the Board of Supervisors last night, and found pretty general favor.

Last night's meeting was called for the purpose of allowing the plumbers of this city to express their opinions in regard to the new plumbing ordinance which is now before the Board. J. H. Craig and John Emmeluth sat at the table with the Supervisors and took part in the discussion.

The ordinance, in its present form, requires that the Treasurer shall issue a license; on the payment of the requisite fee, to any man who has registered with the Plumbing Inspector. Craig objected to the provision in that no rule is made for ascertaining the fitness of the applicant. He thought that some examination should be required.

Building Inspector Miehlestein said that he considered Craig's point well taken. He thought that the examining board should consist of one plumber, one architect and the Building Inspector. The committee announced that it would give the matter careful consideration.

Considerable time was given up to arguing whether or not the section requiring every man undertaking a plumbing job to register with the Plumbing Inspector should be allowed to stand. Craig objected, but his argument was overruled.

(Continued on Page Four.)

BERT PETERSON AND OTHER HONOLULU FOLK

(Special Correspondence.)

SAN FRANCISCO, July 17.—Bert Peterson, Prince Bert, is in New York with a big Mexican mining scheme he is trying to put through. It is said by some who think they are in a position to know that he is likely to put it through, and if he does that it will mean a big thing for him.

Dr. E. C. Camp, who left Honolulu by the Alameda, June 16, after spending a couple of weeks with his parents in Fruitvale, has gone to Lower California deer hunting, where he is now, Mrs. Camp, who has been in the East, came here to meet him and will remain here until his return from Lower California.

A. R. Gurrey, of the Board of Underwriters, is enjoying his vacation in San Francisco. He has been the recipient of much attention from men in insurance circles.

Major Tom Wall, of Wall, Nichols & Co., arrived here yesterday from New York where he has been making his Christmas and holiday purchases. He expects to return to Honolulu by the Mongolia.

Brainerd Smith expects to return to Honolulu shortly. Both he and Mrs. Smith spent several weeks in a hospital. Lately they have been convalescing at the Hotel Vendome, San Jose, in the particular charge of Mr. and Mrs. H. Wingate Lake, Mr. Lake being the manager of the Vendome.

At a neighborhood Fourth of July celebration near Haywards there were quite a number of former Honoluluans or persons who had visited the islands. Among them were Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Rhodes, and Mrs. Rhodes' sister Mrs. M. W. Baekus, Mr. and Mrs. Fred Russell and family, and Mrs. O'Brien whose son is with Waterhouse & Co.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Rhodes have taken very pleasant apartments at 1430 Leavenworth street, San Francisco, where they will make their home after August 1. Mr. Rhodes has already entered upon his duties as office manager of the Vinal company, whose splendid building on Pine street near Stockton is one of the most handsomely designed buildings in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank L. Hatch are now living on Leavenworth street, San Francisco. Mr. Hatch was formerly clerk of the United States court in Honolulu.

A FRIEND OF HAWAII

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JAPAN IS RESTIVE UNDER RESTRICTION OF PRESENT TREATY

(Associated Press Cablegrams.)

WASHINGTON, July 24.—Japan is becoming restive under the trade conditions imposed by her treaty with the United States, the recently proposed negotiations for a new treaty notwithstanding. The present treaty does not expire for two years.

FRENCH MINISTRY ANNOUNCED

PARIS—July 24.—M. Briand has announced the personnel of the new ministry. M. Barthou is Minister of Justice, M. P. Ichon is Minister of Foreign Affairs, and Georges Cochery is Minister of Finance. The Ministers of War and Navy will be announced tomorrow. General Brun and Admiral Payrere have been suggested for the portfolios and have announced their willingness to accept.

TORPEDO BOATS COLLIDE

PORTSMOUTH, England, July 24.—During the naval maneuvers last night, two torpedo boats collided. One of the boats was badly damaged. There were no fatalities.

INDIAN MURDERER MUST DIE

LONDON, July 24.—Dhinagri, the Indian who killed Wyllie Lalaca, was sentenced to death yesterday after a trial of one hour's duration.

AMERICAN CHOLERA VICTIM

KOENIGSBURG, Germany, July 24.—Roger Whinfield, of Wisconsin, who was on his way from Russia, died here from cholera.

NEW SPANISH MINISTER ARRIVES

WASHINGTON, July 24.—The Marquis de Villalobos, the new Spanish minister to the United States, has arrived.

AFTERNOON CABLE REPORT

MELBOURNE, July 23.—Sir Frederick Holder, the speaker of the House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Australia, died today, being fatally stricken while presiding over a night session.

GALVESTON, July 23.—As the result of the floods in this city twenty-three deaths are reported and fourteen persons are missing. The loss will amount to three quarters of a million.

MADRID, July 23.—General Marina, the commander of the Spanish troops at Melilla, states that 40,000 soldiers will be required to subdue the revolt of the tribesmen.

CITY OF MEXICO, July 23.—It is reported here that the United States government contemplates the establishment of a protectorate over the Republic of Honduras.

WASHINGTON, July 23.—The appointment of Charles B. Crane, of Chicago, as United States Minister to China, has been confirmed by the Senate.

BELGRADE, Serbia, July 23.—King Peter of Serbia is seriously ill.

FUKUSHIMI'S PROSPERITY PROVES HIS OWN UNDOING

The prosperity of Fukushima, a Japanese Nabob of this city, yesterday proved his own undoing and the disconcerting of one Negro, somewhat widely known as one of the heads of the Higher Wage Association. At the present time Fukushima is bemoaning his bad luck, cursing his own folly, calling down anathema upon the head of Negro, and wishing ardently that he had never heard of the Higher Wage Association or any of its officers. And the story runs thus:

A Japanese named Yokokaro was arrested on Maui by the Federal authorities and bailed before the United States Commissioner at Honolulu to explain as to his alleged misdeeds. He failed to explain satisfactorily, and the Commissioner informed him that it would cost him just two thousand iron dollars to go free even temporarily.

Now, it happens that Yokokaro is a friend of Makino and Negro. In fact, the offense of which he is accused is the same as that with which Makino is charged, having obscene pictures in his possession for sale. So it was up to Negro and Makino to help him out of his pillaiki. Negro went out to get bondsmen. He brought in three. One of them was Fukushima.

Fukushima stood before the Federal official and held up his hand and swore that he was worth more than \$2000. "So glad to hear it," cooed the official. "Very glad, indeed. Do you know, you are just the man we are

looking for! Mr. Taft, the President of the United States, didn't get his salary last week because we were a little short of money? But, now that you're here, it just reminds me. You used to be a member of the 'Ten-Dollar Club,' and if I'm not mistaken, there is a little matter of seven hundred dollars in fine and costs owing by you to the government. You said you were broke, you know, and took the poor man's oath so you wouldn't have to pay the judgment. I'm awfully glad, Mr. Fukushima, that you have been doing so well. Will you pay cash, or will you send a check around in the morning?"

They brought Fukushima and Negro, to, after vigorous application of cold water and smelling salts. But they are still going around in a trance and wondering who threw that brick.

The hard-headed government official, meantime, has been putting in his time getting out a writ of seque facias—which means that he is going to get out an execution against the property of Fukushima and try to take it away from him to pay that five years' old debt. Whether or not he can do so remains to be seen, but he's going to make a try at it, anyway. Negro says the Federal authorities are bluffing, that the taking of the poor man's oath released Fukushima from all obligations to Uncle Sam. But it happens that Negro is not yet the judge and it is for the latter to decide that particular point in law.